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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

PIOTR JASZCZYSZYN, Individually and on
Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

SUNPOWER CORPORATION, PETER
FARICY, and MANAVENDRA S. SIAL,

Defendants.

Case No.

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR
VIOLATIONS OF THE FEDERAL
SECURITIES LAWS**

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

1 Plaintiff Piotr Jaszczyszyn (“Plaintiff”), individually and on behalf of all others similarly
 2 situated, by and through his attorneys, alleges the following upon information and belief, except as
 3 to those allegations concerning Plaintiff, which are alleged upon personal knowledge. Plaintiff’s
 4 information and belief is based upon, among other things, his counsel’s investigation, which
 5 includes without limitation: (a) review and analysis of regulatory filings made by SunPower
 6 Corporation (“SunPower” or the “Company”) with the United States (“U.S.”) Securities and
 7 Exchange Commission (“SEC”); (b) review and analysis of press releases and media reports issued
 8 by and disseminated by SunPower; and (c) review of other publicly available information
 9 concerning SunPower.

10 **NATURE OF THE ACTION AND OVERVIEW**

11 1. This is a class action on behalf of persons and entities that purchased or otherwise
 12 acquired SunPower securities between August 3, 2021 and January 20, 2022, inclusive (the “Class
 13 Period”). Plaintiff pursues claims against the Defendants under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
 14 (the “Exchange Act”).

15 2. SunPower is a solar energy company that provides hardware, software, and financing
 16 options for customers. It also provides “Smart Energy” solutions as part of its initiative to add layers
 17 of intelligent control to homes, buildings, and grids through personalized customer interfaces. It
 18 operates under two segments: Residential, Light Commercial (“RLC”), which refers to sales of solar
 19 energy solutions; and Commercial and Industrial Solutions (“C&I Solutions”), which refers to direct
 20 sales of turn-key engineering, procurement, and construction services, as well as sales of energy
 21 under power purchase agreements.

22 3. On January 20, 2022, SunPower announced that it had “identified a cracking issue
 23 that developed over time in certain factory-installed connectors.” The Company “expects
 24 approximately \$27 million of supplier-quality related charges in fourth quarter 2021 and
 25 approximately \$4 million in the first quarter of 2022” to replace the faulty connectors.

26 4. On this news, the Company’s share price fell \$3.22, or 16.9%, to close at \$15.80 per
 27 share on January 21, 2022, on unusually heavy trading volume.

PARTIES

11. Plaintiff Piotr Jaszczyszyn, as set forth in the accompanying certification, incorporated by reference herein, purchased SunPower securities during the Class Period, and suffered damages as a result of the federal securities law violations and false and/or misleading statements and/or material omissions alleged herein.

12. Defendant SunPower is incorporated under the laws of Delaware with its principal executive offices located in San Jose, California. SunPower's common stock trades on the NASDAQ exchange under the symbol "SPWR."

13. Defendant Peter Faricy ("Faricy") was the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") at all relevant times.

14. Defendant Manavendra S. Sial ("Sial") was the Company's Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") at all relevant times.

15. Defendants Faricy and Sial (collectively the "Individual Defendants"), because of their positions with the Company, possessed the power and authority to control the contents of the Company's reports to the SEC, press releases and presentations to securities analysts, money and portfolio managers and institutional investors, *i.e.*, the market. The Individual Defendants were provided with copies of the Company's reports and press releases alleged herein to be misleading prior to, or shortly after, their issuance and had the ability and opportunity to prevent their issuance or cause them to be corrected. Because of their positions and access to material non-public information available to them, the Individual Defendants knew that the adverse facts specified herein had not been disclosed to, and were being concealed from, the public, and that the positive representations which were being made were then materially false and/or misleading. The Individual Defendants are liable for the false statements pleaded herein.

SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS

Background

16. SunPower is a solar energy company that provides hardware, software, and financing options for customers. It also provides "Smart Energy" solutions as part of its initiative to add layers of intelligent control to homes, buildings, and grids through personalized customer interfaces. It

operates under two segments: Residential, Light Commercial (“RLC”), which refers to sales of solar energy solutions; and Commercial and Industrial Solutions (“C&I Solutions”), which refers to direct sales of turn-key engineering, procurement, and construction services, as well as sales of energy under power purchase agreements.

Materially False and Misleading

Statements Issued During the Class Period

17. The Class Period begins on August 3, 2021.¹ On that day, SunPower announced its second quarter 2021 financial results in a press release that stated, in relevant part:

•Met Net Income and Adjusted EBITDA guidance; Strong residential margin growth

* * *

Second quarter of fiscal year 2021 non-GAAP results exclude net adjustments that, in the aggregate, increased GAAP income by \$65 million, resulting from \$84 million related to a mark-to-market gain on equity investments, \$1 million gain on sale and impairment of residential lease assets. This was partially offset by \$2 million related to results of operations of legacy business exited, \$10 million related to stock-based compensation expense, \$4 million related to litigation costs, \$1 million related to restructuring charges, \$1 million related to business reorganization costs, and \$2 million for income taxes and other non-recurring items.

Financial Outlook

For the third quarter, the company expects sequential volume and margin improvements in its residential business with volume expected to grow more than 40 percent versus the prior year.

Specifically, the company expects third quarter GAAP revenue of \$325 to \$375 million, GAAP net loss of \$10 to \$0 million and MW recognized of 125 MW to 150 MW. Third quarter Adjusted EBITDA will be in the range of \$21 to \$31 million as linearity has significantly improved compared to the previous two years.

For fiscal year 2021, the company expects GAAP revenue of \$1.41 to \$1.49 billion, GAAP net income of \$40 to \$60 million and MW recognized of 540 MW to 610 MW. Residential MW recognized are expected to be in the range of 340MW to 380MW.

For fiscal year 2021, the company's full year Adjusted EBITDA guidance remains unchanged at \$110 to \$130 million inclusive of up to \$10 million incremental spend on customer experience and digital initiatives that will further accelerate the growth of SunPower's residential business in 2022 and beyond. . . .

¹ Unless otherwise stated, all emphasis in bold and italics hereinafter is added and all footnotes are omitted.

1 18. On August 4, 2021, SunPower filed its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period
 2 ended July 4, 2021 (the “2Q21 10-Q”), affirming the previously reported financial results. Under
 3 “Risk Factors,” the report stated, in relevant part:

4 ***We depend on a limited number of suppliers, including Maxeon Solar, for certain***
 5 ***critical raw materials, components and finished products, including our solar cells***
 6 ***and modules. Any supply interruption or delay could adversely affect our business,***
 7 ***prevent us from delivering products to our customers within required timeframes,***
 8 ***and could in turn result in sales and installation delays, cancellations, penalty***
 9 ***payments, or loss of market share.***

10 In connection with the Spin-Off, we entered into a supply agreement pursuant to
 11 which Maxeon Solar will exclusively supply us with certain products (the “Supply
 12 Agreement”), including solar cells and panels, for use in residential and commercial
 13 solar applications in the Domestic Territory (as defined in the Supply Agreement).
 14 The Supply Agreement has a two-year term, subject to customary early termination
 15 provisions triggered by a breach of the other party (with or without the right to cure
 16 depending on the breach) and insolvency events affecting the other party. Under the
 17 Supply Agreement, we are required to purchase, and Maxeon Solar is required to
 18 supply, certain minimum volumes of products during each calendar quarter of the
 19 term. The Supply Agreement also includes reciprocal exclusivity provisions that,
 20 subject to certain exceptions, will prohibit us from purchasing the products (or
 21 competing products) from anyone other than Maxeon Solar for the Domestic
 22 Territory. For products designated for installation on a residence or by a third party
 23 for the exclusive use of a specific customer, the exclusivity provisions will last until
 24 August 26, 2022 (or the entire initial term). For products procured for direct
 25 installation by SunPower and including applications where solar panels are installed
 26 for the benefit and use of multiple customers, such as community solar projects, the
 27 exclusivity provisions terminated on June 30, 2021. The exclusivity provisions do
 28 not apply to off-grid applications, certain portable or mobile small-scale applications
 (including applications where solar cells are integrated into consumer products), or
 power plant, front-of-the-meter applications where the electricity generated is sold
 to a utility or other reseller. ***Because Maxeon Solar is our sole supplier of such***
critical products, any delay or failure of Maxeon Solar to supply the necessary
products, or supply such products in a manner that meets our quality and quantity
requirements, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of
operations, cash flows, and financial condition.

1 ***To the extent the processes and technologies that our suppliers, including Maxeon***
 2 ***Solar, use to manufacture components are proprietary, we may be unable to obtain***
 3 ***comparable components from alternative suppliers, and the exclusivity provisions***
 4 ***of the supply agreement may prevent us from seeking alternative suppliers except***
 5 ***in certain very limited circumstances.*** In addition, the financial markets could limit
 6 our suppliers’ ability to raise capital if required to expand their production or satisfy
 7 their operating capital requirements. As a result, they could be unable to supply
 8 necessary products, raw materials, inventory, and capital equipment which we would
 9 require to support our planned sales operations to us, which would in turn negatively
 10 impact our sales volume, profitability, and cash flows. The failure of a supplier to
 11 supply raw materials or components in a timely manner, or to supply raw materials
 12 or components that meet our quality, quantity, and cost requirements, could impair
 13 our ability to manufacture our products or could increase our cost of production. If
 14 we cannot obtain substitute materials or components on a timely basis or on

1 acceptable terms, we could be prevented from delivering our products to our
2 customers within required time frames.

3 (First emphasis in original).

4 19. The 2Q21 10-Q incorporated by reference the risk factors disclosed in the
5 Company's annual report for the year ended January 3, 2021 (the "2020 10-K"). In relevant part,
6 these risks stated:

7 *If we have quality issues with our solar and related products, our sales could*
8 *decrease and our relationships with our customers and our reputation may be*
9 *harmed.*

10 Products as complex as ours may contain undetected errors or defects, especially
11 when first introduced. For example, our solar panels may contain defects that are not
12 detected until after they are shipped or are installed because we and our suppliers
13 cannot test for all possible scenarios. These defects could cause us to incur significant
14 warranty, non-warranty, and re-engineering costs, which may not be covered by
15 manufacturer warranties, and could significantly affect our customer relations and
16 business reputation. If we deliver products with errors or defects, or if there is a
17 perception that such products contain errors or defects, our credibility and the market
18 acceptance and sales of our products could be harmed. In addition, some of our
19 arrangements with customers include termination or put rights for non-performance.
20 In certain limited cases, we could incur liquidated damages or even be required to
21 buy back a customer's system at fair value on specified future dates if certain
22 minimum performance thresholds are not met.

23 20. On October 5, 2021, SunPower posted an investor presentation regarding its recent
24 acquisition of Blue Raven Solar Holdings, LLC. Therein, the Company provided updates to its
25 financial guidance for third quarter 2021. In relevant part, it stated: "Q3'21: Key guidance metrics
26 are projected to be below the low end of the prior guidance ranges, primarily due to CIS project
27 schedule delays and costs as well as performance of our Light Commercial business."

28 21. On November 3, 2021, SunPower announced its third quarter 2021 financial results
in a press release that stated, in relevant part:

SunPower reported, in line with the company's October 5th update, an Adjusted
EBITDA of \$17.5 million for this quarter including \$(8) million from the CIS
segment and a net loss of \$84.4 million primarily driven by the non-cash mark-to-
market adjustment of the company's holdings of Enphase shares. The company is
considering strategic options for CIS and will provide an update in the fourth quarter
of 2021.

Other quarter highlights include:

- Recognized 121 MW, including 92 MW for residential. The pipeline for new homes systems is robust with visibility toward an incremental 58,000 homes (up to 230 MW), including multi-family housing.

- Residential gross margin was at \$0.69/w for the third quarter, up 50% compared to prior year.

Third quarter non-GAAP results exclude net adjustments that, in the aggregate, increased GAAP loss by \$94 million, resulting from \$86 million related to a mark-to-market loss on equity investments, \$5 million related to stock-based compensation expense, and \$3 million related to other non-recurring items.

Financial Outlook

To provide additional clarity to investors, the company has provided separate guidance for CIS and Legacy business segments for the fourth quarter of 2021.

Fourth quarter GAAP revenue guidance for SunPower, excluding CIS and Legacy business, is \$330 to \$380 million and Adjusted EBITDA guidance is \$28 to \$46 million. Separately for CIS and Legacy business, fourth quarter revenue guidance is \$31 to \$41 million and Adjusted EBITDA guidance is \$(10) to \$(5) million due to project schedules and supply chain impacts, similar to that experienced in the third quarter. ***Fourth quarter GAAP net income guidance, which includes all segments, is \$(5) to \$15 million.***

For the Full Year 2021, revenue and Adjusted EBITDA guidance for SunPower, including CIS and Legacy business, is below the prior guidance of \$1,410 to \$1,490 and \$110 to \$130 million, respectively, primarily due to CIS project schedule delays impacting both revenue and Adjusted EBITDA and lower revenues from Light Commercial.

22. On November 4, 2021, SunPower filed its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 3, 2021, affirming the previously reported financial results. It incorporated by reference the risk factors stated in the 2020 10-K and 2Q21 10-Q and further stated:

We depend on a limited number of suppliers, including Maxeon Solar, for certain critical raw materials, components and finished products, including our solar cells and modules. Any supply interruption or delay could adversely affect our business, prevent us from delivering products to our customers within required timeframes, and could in turn result in sales and installation delays, cancellations, penalty payments, or loss of market share.

In connection with the Spin-Off, we entered into a supply agreement pursuant to which Maxeon Solar will exclusively supply us with certain products (the “Supply Agreement”), including solar cells and panels, for use in residential and commercial solar applications in the Domestic Territory (as defined in the Supply Agreement). The Supply Agreement has a two-year term, subject to customary early termination provisions triggered by a breach of the other party (with or without the right to cure depending on the breach) and insolvency events affecting the other party. Under the Supply Agreement, we are required to purchase, and Maxeon Solar is required to supply, certain minimum volumes of products during each calendar quarter of the term. The Supply Agreement also includes reciprocal exclusivity provisions that, subject to certain exceptions, will prohibit us from purchasing the products (or competing products) from anyone other than Maxeon Solar for the Domestic Territory. For products designated for installation on a residence or by a third party for the exclusive use of a specific customer, the exclusivity provisions will last until August 26, 2022 (or the entire initial term). For products procured for direct

1 installation by SunPower and including applications where solar panels are installed
 2 for the benefit and use of multiple customers, such as community solar projects, the
 3 exclusivity provisions terminated on June 30, 2021. The exclusivity provisions do
 4 not apply to off-grid applications, certain portable or mobile small-scale applications
 5 (including applications where solar cells are integrated into consumer products), or
 6 power plant, front-of-the-meter applications where the electricity generated is sold
 to a utility or other reseller. ***Because Maxeon Solar is our sole supplier of such
 critical products, any delay or failure of Maxeon Solar to supply the necessary
 products, or supply such products in a manner that meets our quality and quantity
 requirements, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of
 operations, cash flows, and financial condition.***

7 ***To the extent the processes and technologies that our suppliers, including Maxeon***
 8 ***Solar, use to manufacture components are proprietary, we may be unable to obtain***
 9 ***comparable components from alternative suppliers, and the exclusivity provisions***
 10 ***of the supply agreement may prevent us from seeking alternative suppliers except***
 11 ***in certain very limited circumstances.*** In addition, the financial markets could limit
 12 our suppliers' ability to raise capital if required to expand their production or satisfy
 13 their operating capital requirements. As a result, they could be unable to supply
 14 necessary products, raw materials, inventory, and capital equipment which we would
 15 require to support our planned sales operations to us, which would in turn negatively
 impact our sales volume, profitability, and cash flows. The failure of a supplier to
 16 supply raw materials or components in a timely manner, or to supply raw materials
 17 or components that meet our quality, quantity, and cost requirements, could impair
 18 our ability to manufacture our products or could increase our cost of production. If
 19 we cannot obtain substitute materials or components on a timely basis or on
 20 acceptable terms, we could be prevented from delivering our products to our
 21 customers within required time frames.

22 (First emphasis in original.)

23 23. The above statements identified in ¶¶ 17-22 were materially false and/or misleading,
 24 and failed to disclose material adverse facts about the Company's business, operations, and
 25 prospects. Specifically, Defendants failed to disclose to investors: (1) that certain connectors used
 26 by SunPower suffered from cracking issues; (2) that, as a result, the Company was reasonably likely
 27 to incur costs to remediate the faulty connectors; (3) that, as a result of the foregoing, SunPower's
 28 financial results would be adversely impacted; and (4) that, as a result of the foregoing, Defendants'
 positive statements about the Company's business, operations, and prospects were materially
 misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis.

Disclosures at the End of the Class Period

24 24. On January 21, 2022, SunPower announced that it had "identified a cracking issue
 25 that developed over time in certain factory-installed connectors." The Company "expects
 26 approximately \$27 million of supplier-quality related charges in fourth quarter 2021 and
 27
 28

1 approximately \$4 million in the first quarter of 2022” to replace the faulty connectors. Specifically,
 2 in a press release announcing preliminary fourth quarter 2021 results, SunPower stated, in relevant
 3 part:

4 SunPower Corp. (NASDAQ:SPWR), a leading solar technology and energy services
 5 provider, today announced it is taking proactive measures to enhance customer care
 6 by replacing certain third-party connectors within its Light Commercial Value-
 Added Reseller (CVAR) and Commercial & Industrial Solutions (CIS) systems.

7 *Through a product quality assessment, the company has identified a cracking issue*
 8 *that developed over time in certain factory-installed connectors within third-party*
 9 *commercial equipment supplied to SunPower.* There have been no reported safety
 10 incidents attributed to this issue, nor has there been any degradation of performance.
 11 Nevertheless, to avoid potential longer-term complications and ensure an excellent
 lifetime customer experience, SunPower is proactively replacing all of these
 connectors. The company plans to replace the connectors in impacted equipment
 largely during 2022. Based on SunPower’s testing, the company expects systems to
 continue to operate safely while awaiting replacement.

12 *SunPower expects approximately \$27 million of supplier-quality related charges*
 13 *in fourth quarter 2021 and approximately \$4 million in the first quarter of 2022 as*
it pursues recovery of costs from the suppliers. The charges are expected to be
funded with cash on hand.

14 GAAP Revenue for fourth quarter 2021 is expected to fall within the previously
 15 guided range of \$361 to \$421 million. Excluding the charge, fourth quarter adjusted
 16 EBITDA results are expected to be at the low end of SunPower’s previously
 17 disclosed guidance range of \$18 to \$41 million[.]. Factors affecting fourth quarter
 18 adjusted EBITDA include approximately \$6.5 million of Residential EBITDA
 effectively pushed into 2022 as the result of weather in California and COVID
 impacts. Another \$3 million was invested in sales and marketing to rapidly expand
 SunPower’s serviceable solar market to more customers in underpenetrated areas
 nationally.

19 25. On this news, the Company’s share price fell \$3.22, or 16.9%, to close at \$15.80 per
 20 share on January 21, 2022, on unusually heavy trading volume.

21 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

22 26. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil
 23 Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of a class, consisting of all persons and entities that purchased
 24 or otherwise acquired SunPower securities between August 3, 2021 and January 20, 2022, inclusive,
 25 and who were damaged thereby (the “Class”). Excluded from the Class are Defendants, the officers
 26 and directors of the Company, at all relevant times, members of their immediate families and their
 27 legal representatives, heirs, successors, or assigns, and any entity in which Defendants have or had
 28 a controlling interest.

1 27. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is
2 impracticable. Throughout the Class Period, SunPower's shares actively traded on the NASDAQ.
3 While the exact number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be
4 ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes that there are at least hundreds or
5 thousands of members in the proposed Class. Millions of SunPower shares were traded publicly
6 during the Class Period on the NASDAQ. Record owners and other members of the Class may be
7 identified from records maintained by SunPower or its transfer agent and may be notified of the
8 pendency of this action by mail, using the form of notice similar to that customarily used in securities
9 class actions.

10 28. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class as all members
11 of the Class are similarly affected by Defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of federal law that
12 is complained of herein.

13 29. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class
14 and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class and securities litigation.

15 30. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and
16 predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. Among the
17 questions of law and fact common to the Class are:

18 (a) whether the federal securities laws were violated by Defendants' acts as
19 alleged herein;

20 (b) whether statements made by Defendants to the investing public during the
21 Class Period omitted and/or misrepresented material facts about the business, operations, and
22 prospects of SunPower; and

23 (c) to what extent the members of the Class have sustained damages and the
24 proper measure of damages.

25 31. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient
26 adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the
27 damages suffered by individual Class members may be relatively small, the expense and burden of
28

1 individual litigation makes it impossible for members of the Class to individually redress the wrongs
2 done to them. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.

3 **UNDISCLOSED ADVERSE FACTS**

4 32. The market for SunPower's securities was open, well-developed and efficient at all
5 relevant times. As a result of these materially false and/or misleading statements, and/or failures to
6 disclose, SunPower's securities traded at artificially inflated prices during the Class Period. Plaintiff
7 and other members of the Class purchased or otherwise acquired SunPower's securities relying upon
8 the integrity of the market price of the Company's securities and market information relating to
9 SunPower, and have been damaged thereby.

10 33. During the Class Period, Defendants materially misled the investing public, thereby
11 inflating the price of SunPower's securities, by publicly issuing false and/or misleading statements
12 and/or omitting to disclose material facts necessary to make Defendants' statements, as set forth
13 herein, not false and/or misleading. The statements and omissions were materially false and/or
14 misleading because they failed to disclose material adverse information and/or misrepresented the
15 truth about SunPower's business, operations, and prospects as alleged herein.

16 34. At all relevant times, the material misrepresentations and omissions particularized in
17 this Complaint directly or proximately caused or were a substantial contributing cause of the
18 damages sustained by Plaintiff and other members of the Class. As described herein, during the
19 Class Period, Defendants made or caused to be made a series of materially false and/or misleading
20 statements about SunPower's financial well-being and prospects. These material misstatements
21 and/or omissions had the cause and effect of creating in the market an unrealistically positive
22 assessment of the Company and its financial well-being and prospects, thus causing the Company's
23 securities to be overvalued and artificially inflated at all relevant times. Defendants' materially false
24 and/or misleading statements during the Class Period resulted in Plaintiff and other members of the
25 Class purchasing the Company's securities at artificially inflated prices, thus causing the damages
26 complained of herein when the truth was revealed.

LOSS CAUSATION

35. Defendants' wrongful conduct, as alleged herein, directly and proximately caused the economic loss suffered by Plaintiff and the Class.

36. During the Class Period, Plaintiff and the Class purchased SunPower's securities at artificially inflated prices and were damaged thereby. The price of the Company's securities significantly declined when the misrepresentations made to the market, and/or the information alleged herein to have been concealed from the market, and/or the effects thereof, were revealed, causing investors' losses.

SCIENTER ALLEGATIONS

37. As alleged herein, Defendants acted with scienter since Defendants knew that the public documents and statements issued or disseminated in the name of the Company were materially false and/or misleading; knew that such statements or documents would be issued or disseminated to the investing public; and knowingly and substantially participated or acquiesced in the issuance or dissemination of such statements or documents as primary violations of the federal securities laws. As set forth elsewhere herein in detail, the Individual Defendants, by virtue of their receipt of information reflecting the true facts regarding SunPower, their control over, and/or receipt and/or modification of SunPower's allegedly materially misleading misstatements and/or their associations with the Company which made them privy to confidential proprietary information concerning SunPower, participated in the fraudulent scheme alleged herein.

**APPLICABILITY OF PRESUMPTION OF RELIANCE
(FRAUD-ON-THE-MARKET DOCTRINE)**

38. The market for SunPower's securities was open, well-developed and efficient at all relevant times. As a result of the materially false and/or misleading statements and/or failures to disclose, SunPower's securities traded at artificially inflated prices during the Class Period. On November 1, 2021, the Company's share price closed at a Class Period high of \$33.85 per share. Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchased or otherwise acquired the Company's securities relying upon the integrity of the market price of SunPower's securities and market information relating to SunPower, and have been damaged thereby.

1 39. During the Class Period, the artificial inflation of SunPower's shares was caused by
2 the material misrepresentations and/or omissions particularized in this Complaint causing the
3 damages sustained by Plaintiff and other members of the Class. As described herein, during the
4 Class Period, Defendants made or caused to be made a series of materially false and/or misleading
5 statements about SunPower's business, prospects, and operations. These material misstatements
6 and/or omissions created an unrealistically positive assessment of SunPower and its business,
7 operations, and prospects, thus causing the price of the Company's securities to be artificially
8 inflated at all relevant times, and when disclosed, negatively affected the value of the Company
9 shares. Defendants' materially false and/or misleading statements during the Class Period resulted
10 in Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchasing the Company's securities at such artificially
11 inflated prices, and each of them has been damaged as a result.

12 40. At all relevant times, the market for SunPower's securities was an efficient market
13 for the following reasons, among others:

14 (a) SunPower shares met the requirements for listing, and was listed and actively
15 traded on the NASDAQ, a highly efficient and automated market;

16 (b) As a regulated issuer, SunPower filed periodic public reports with the SEC
17 and/or the NASDAQ;

18 (c) SunPower regularly communicated with public investors via established
19 market communication mechanisms, including through regular dissemination of press releases on
20 the national circuits of major newswire services and through other wide-ranging public disclosures,
21 such as communications with the financial press and other similar reporting services; and/or

22 (d) SunPower was followed by securities analysts employed by brokerage firms
23 who wrote reports about the Company, and these reports were distributed to the sales force and
24 certain customers of their respective brokerage firms. Each of these reports was publicly available
25 and entered the public marketplace.

26 41. As a result of the foregoing, the market for SunPower's securities promptly digested
27 current information regarding SunPower from all publicly available sources and reflected such
28 information in SunPower's share price. Under these circumstances, all purchasers of SunPower's

1 securities during the Class Period suffered similar injury through their purchase of SunPower's
2 securities at artificially inflated prices and a presumption of reliance applies.

3 42. A Class-wide presumption of reliance is also appropriate in this action under the
4 Supreme Court's holding in *Affiliated Ute Citizens of Utah v. United States*, 406 U.S. 128 (1972),
5 because the Class's claims are, in large part, grounded on Defendants' material misstatements and/or
6 omissions. Because this action involves Defendants' failure to disclose material adverse
7 information regarding the Company's business operations and financial prospects—information that
8 Defendants were obligated to disclose—positive proof of reliance is not a prerequisite to recovery.
9 All that is necessary is that the facts withheld be material in the sense that a reasonable investor
10 might have considered them important in making investment decisions. Given the importance of
11 the Class Period material misstatements and omissions set forth above, that requirement is satisfied
12 here.

13 **NO SAFE HARBOR**

14 43. The statutory safe harbor provided for forward-looking statements under certain
15 circumstances does not apply to any of the allegedly false statements pleaded in this Complaint. The
16 statements alleged to be false and misleading herein all relate to then-existing facts and conditions.
17 In addition, to the extent certain of the statements alleged to be false may be characterized as forward
18 looking, they were not identified as "forward-looking statements" when made and there were no
19 meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to
20 differ materially from those in the purportedly forward-looking statements. In the alternative, to the
21 extent that the statutory safe harbor is determined to apply to any forward-looking statements
22 pleaded herein, Defendants are liable for those false forward-looking statements because at the time
23 each of those forward-looking statements was made, the speaker had actual knowledge that the
24 forward-looking statement was materially false or misleading, and/or the forward-looking statement
25 was authorized or approved by an executive officer of SunPower who knew that the statement was
26 false when made.

FIRST CLAIM

**Violation of Section 10(b) of The Exchange Act and
Rule 10b-5 Promulgated Thereunder
Against All Defendants**

44. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.

45. During the Class Period, Defendants carried out a plan, scheme and course of conduct which was intended to and, throughout the Class Period, did: (i) deceive the investing public, including Plaintiff and other Class members, as alleged herein; and (ii) cause Plaintiff and other members of the Class to purchase SunPower's securities at artificially inflated prices. In furtherance of this unlawful scheme, plan and course of conduct, Defendants, and each defendant, took the actions set forth herein.

46. Defendants (i) employed devices, schemes, and artifices to defraud; (ii) made untrue statements of material fact and/or omitted to state material facts necessary to make the statements not misleading; and (iii) engaged in acts, practices, and a course of business which operated as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers of the Company's securities in an effort to maintain artificially high market prices for SunPower's securities in violation of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5. All Defendants are sued either as primary participants in the wrongful and illegal conduct charged herein or as controlling persons as alleged below.

47. Defendants, individually and in concert, directly and indirectly, by the use, means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce and/or of the mails, engaged and participated in a continuous course of conduct to conceal adverse material information about SunPower's financial well-being and prospects, as specified herein.

48. Defendants employed devices, schemes and artifices to defraud, while in possession of material adverse non-public information and engaged in acts, practices, and a course of conduct as alleged herein in an effort to assure investors of SunPower's value and performance and continued substantial growth, which included the making of, or the participation in the making of, untrue statements of material facts and/or omitting to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made about SunPower and its business operations and future prospects in light of the

1 circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, as set forth more particularly herein,
2 and engaged in transactions, practices and a course of business which operated as a fraud and deceit
3 upon the purchasers of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

4 49. Each of the Individual Defendants' primary liability and controlling person liability
5 arises from the following facts: (i) the Individual Defendants were high-level executives and/or
6 directors at the Company during the Class Period and members of the Company's management team
7 or had control thereof; (ii) each of these defendants, by virtue of their responsibilities and activities
8 as a senior officer and/or director of the Company, was privy to and participated in the creation,
9 development and reporting of the Company's internal budgets, plans, projections and/or reports;
10 (iii) each of these defendants enjoyed significant personal contact and familiarity with the other
11 defendants and was advised of, and had access to, other members of the Company's management
12 team, internal reports and other data and information about the Company's finances, operations, and
13 sales at all relevant times; and (iv) each of these defendants was aware of the Company's
14 dissemination of information to the investing public which they knew and/or recklessly disregarded
15 was materially false and misleading.

16 50. Defendants had actual knowledge of the misrepresentations and/or omissions of
17 material facts set forth herein, or acted with reckless disregard for the truth in that they failed to
18 ascertain and to disclose such facts, even though such facts were available to them. Such defendants'
19 material misrepresentations and/or omissions were done knowingly or recklessly and for the purpose
20 and effect of concealing SunPower's financial well-being and prospects from the investing public
21 and supporting the artificially inflated price of its securities. As demonstrated by Defendants'
22 overstatements and/or misstatements of the Company's business, operations, financial well-being,
23 and prospects throughout the Class Period, Defendants, if they did not have actual knowledge of the
24 misrepresentations and/or omissions alleged, were reckless in failing to obtain such knowledge by
25 deliberately refraining from taking those steps necessary to discover whether those statements were
26 false or misleading.

27 51. As a result of the dissemination of the materially false and/or misleading information
28 and/or failure to disclose material facts, as set forth above, the market price of SunPower's securities

1 was artificially inflated during the Class Period. In ignorance of the fact that market prices of the
 2 Company's securities were artificially inflated, and relying directly or indirectly on the false and
 3 misleading statements made by Defendants, or upon the integrity of the market in which the
 4 securities trades, and/or in the absence of material adverse information that was known to or
 5 recklessly disregarded by Defendants, but not disclosed in public statements by Defendants during
 6 the Class Period, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class acquired SunPower's securities during
 7 the Class Period at artificially high prices and were damaged thereby.

8 52. At the time of said misrepresentations and/or omissions, Plaintiff and other members
 9 of the Class were ignorant of their falsity, and believed them to be true. Had Plaintiff and the other
 10 members of the Class and the marketplace known the truth regarding the problems that SunPower
 11 was experiencing, which were not disclosed by Defendants, Plaintiff and other members of the Class
 12 would not have purchased or otherwise acquired their SunPower securities, or, if they had acquired
 13 such securities during the Class Period, they would not have done so at the artificially inflated prices
 14 which they paid.

15 53. By virtue of the foregoing, Defendants violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act
 16 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder.

17 54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and the
 18 other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their respective purchases and
 19 sales of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

20 **SECOND CLAIM**

21 **Violation of Section 20(a) of The Exchange Act** 22 **Against the Individual Defendants**

23 55. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully
 24 set forth herein.

25 56. Individual Defendants acted as controlling persons of SunPower within the meaning
 26 of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act as alleged herein. By virtue of their high-level positions and
 27 their ownership and contractual rights, participation in, and/or awareness of the Company's
 28 operations and intimate knowledge of the false financial statements filed by the Company with the

SEC and disseminated to the investing public, Individual Defendants had the power to influence and control and did influence and control, directly or indirectly, the decision-making of the Company, including the content and dissemination of the various statements which Plaintiff contends are false and misleading. Individual Defendants were provided with or had unlimited access to copies of the Company's reports, press releases, public filings, and other statements alleged by Plaintiff to be misleading prior to and/or shortly after these statements were issued and had the ability to prevent the issuance of the statements or cause the statements to be corrected.

57. In particular, Individual Defendants had direct and supervisory involvement in the day-to-day operations of the Company and, therefore, had the power to control or influence the particular transactions giving rise to the securities violations as alleged herein, and exercised the same.

58. As set forth above, SunPower and Individual Defendants each violated Section 10(b) and Rule 10b-5 by their acts and omissions as alleged in this Complaint. By virtue of their position as controlling persons, Individual Defendants are liable pursuant to Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their purchases of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief and judgment, as follows:

(a) Determining that this action is a proper class action under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;

(b) Awarding compensatory damages in favor of Plaintiff and the other Class members against all defendants, jointly and severally, for all damages sustained as a result of Defendants' wrongdoing, in an amount to be proven at trial, including interest thereon;

(c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class their reasonable costs and expenses incurred in this action, including counsel fees and expert fees; and

(d) Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

DATED: February 16, 2022

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By: /s/ Charles H. Linehan

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Attorneys for Plaintiff Piotr Jaszczynszyn

SWORN CERTIFICATION OF PLAINTIFF

SunPower Corporation, SECURITIES LITIGATION

I, **Piotr Jaszczyzyn**, certify:

1. I have reviewed the complaint and authorized its filing and/or adopted its allegations.
2. I did not purchase SunPower Corporation, the security that is the subject of this action at the direction of plaintiff's counsel or in order to participate in any private action arising under this title.
3. I am willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class and will testify at deposition and trial, if necessary.
4. My transactions in SunPower Corporation, during the class period set forth in the Complaint are as follows:

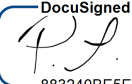
See Attached Transactions

5. I have not served as a representative party on behalf of a class under this title during the last three years except as stated:
6. I will not accept any payment for serving as a representative party, except to receive my pro rata share of any recovery or as ordered or approved by the court including the award to a representative plaintiff of reasonable costs and expenses (including lost wages) directly relating to the representation of the class.

☐ Check here if you are a current employee or former employee of the defendant Company.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing are true and correct statements.

Dated: 2/1/2022

DocuSigned by:

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Piotr Jaszczyzyn

Piotr Jaszczyszyn's Transactions in SunPower Corporation (SPWR)

[illegible]